

INTIMATIONS

TONE

That's where the Victrola is pre-eminent.

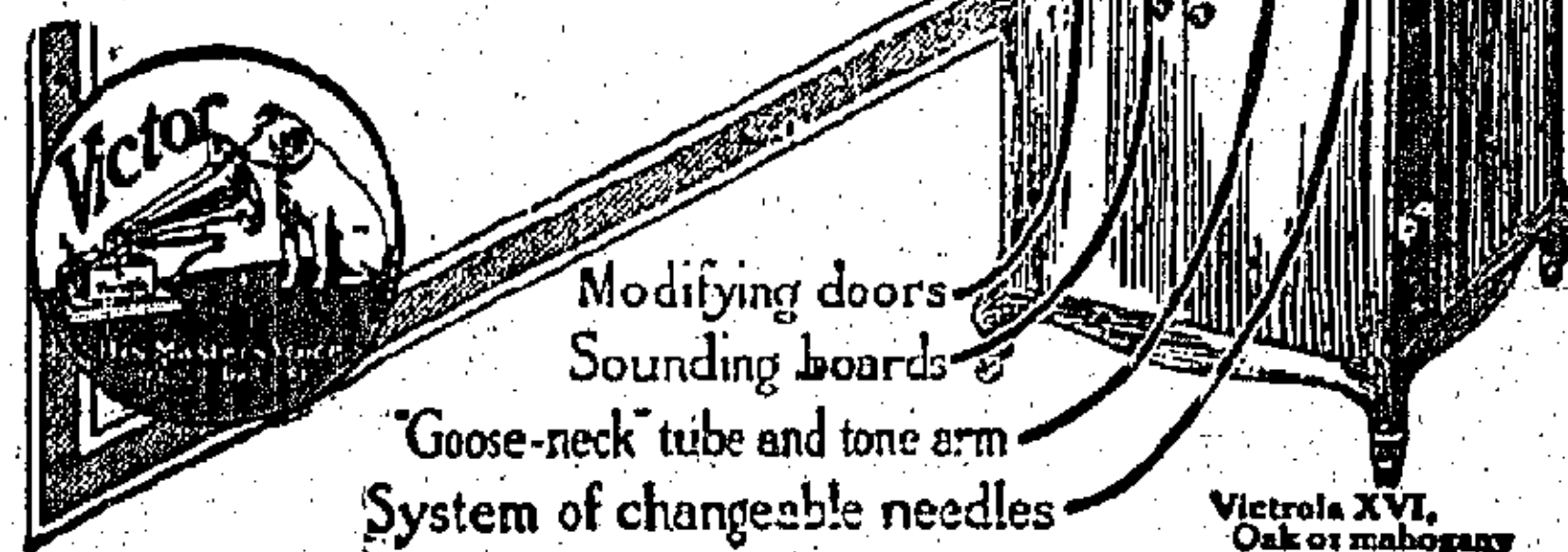
AN IDEAL GIFT

FOR

CHRISTMAS.

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS:

MOUTRIE'S.



Modifying doors
Sounding boards
"Goose-neck" tube and tone arm
System of changeable needles

Victrola XVI
Oak or mahogany

[31-5]



AN ARMY IN THE MAKING.
When the history of the Great War comes to be written, one of the outstanding features will be the rapid raising, training and equipping of "Kitchener's Army." All ranks responded to their Commander's call—the farmer, the office, the farm, the mine were left and "Kitchener" became the order of the day. Despite great difficulties Lord Kitchener obtained a gigantic army of unique fighting quality.

LORD KITCHENER

Aide-de-Camp

Cigarettes

No. 22.

FINEST VIRGINIA CIGARETTE

THAT CAN BE OBTAINED.

FOR 75 CENTS

a tin of 50.



Hongkong, 4th December, 1915.

[1208]

ASAHI BEER.

LONDON SELLING AGENTS

TEA, INDIGO
FIBRES
BRISTLES
OILSEED
HIDES & SKINS
RUBBER, DRUGS
COTTON, WOOD
GUMS, MICA
OBS, AND
GENERAL
PRODUCE

Sold on commission in British and Continental Markets. Samples valued. Best ports for consignments indicated.

KEYMER, SON & CO.,
(Import Dept.) Whitefriars, London.
Telegrams, "Keymer, London." Est. 1844.

A CURE THAT CURES.

There are men and women in every locality who are being racked to death with Rheumatism. Many of them have tried electricity, liniments, Turkish and mineral baths, massage, etc., while others have been doctored until they have lost all hope and patience. LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM has, by its thousands of successful cures, demonstrated its superiority over any known treatment for the cure of Rheumatism. Through it sufferers have abandoned their crutches, others have been cured after years of suffering. We have yet to learn of a single instance where LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM has not cured when given a fair trial.

Mr. H. E. Wood, Whitcross St., Hereford, writes:—"For the past 5 years I have been laid up totally lame from Rheumatism, and suffered the most excruciating pain; all medical aid was unavailing. Two bottles of LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM cured me completely."

Sold at 1s. 4d. per bottle.
Agents for Hongkong:—
Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd.
[1050-15]

THE DAL NIPPON BREWERY



OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE

SOLE AGENTS:

MITSU BUSSAN KAISHA.

HONGKONG.

979

STRAITS TRADE INCREASING.

The official return of imports and exports of the Straits Settlements for the quarter ended September 30th, 1915, disclose a remarkable revival in the import trade which, for the second quarter of the year totalled \$103,346,757, and has now risen to \$114,915,003. The actual figures for the quarter as compared with the similar period of 1914 are:—

	3rd qr. 1914.	3rd qr. 1915.
Singapore	\$50,780,912	\$56,004,594
Penang	\$1,839,083	\$2,282,087
Malacca	\$2,457,398	\$2,528,332
Total increase	\$34,907,615	\$4,002,688.

	3rd qr. 1914.	3rd qr. 1915.
Singapore	\$48,633,095	\$76,847,304
Penang	\$1,977,090	\$2,388,238
Malacca	\$3,610,248	\$7,085,403
Total increase	\$38,078,514	\$4,208,160.

Para rubber transhipped via Singapore and Penang to other countries during the period under review increased by 4,463,334 lbs. on the figures for the corresponding quarter of 1914 (8,491,733 lbs.).

MESSRS. SETNA'S TRADE REPORT.

Messrs. S. D. Setna & Co. in their fortnightly report, from 18th November to 2nd December, state:—

COTTON.—Market ruled quiet. Sales are reported of about 150 packages at \$30 per picul. Unsold stock is estimated at about 275 packages. Closing quotations:—\$27 to \$28 per picul.

INDIAN YARN.—Owing to a rise in rates of exchange, coupled with low rates in ruling in India, importers were hasty sellers, and hence prices show a decline of from 1 to 3 per bale, and a limited business is reported in the past fortnight, as under:—

250 bales Assur Virjee, No. 10s, at \$102 to \$100 per bale; 100 bales Crown, No. 10s, at \$103 to \$102 per bale; 300 bales David, No. 10s, at \$103 to \$101 per bale; 250 bales Indo-China, No. 10s, at \$103 to \$101 per bale; 100 bales David, No. 12s, at \$115 to \$113 per bale; in all about 1,110 bales, comprising about 900 bales of No. 10s and 200 bales of No. 12s, in all about 1,110 bales. Unsold stock is estimated at about 35,000 bales; sold but uncoloured stock, about 20,000 bales.

JAPANESE YARN.—No sales are reported in the market.

SUNDRIES.—Market ruled firm. Prices show some advance. In imports sales are reported in Angkor at \$22 to \$24 per picul, Kismis at \$30 to \$32 per picul, Mavej at \$15 per picul, Apricot at \$35 to \$37 per picul, Shesabole at \$10 per picul, Gum Olibanum at \$13 to \$15 per picul, Myrrh at \$12 to \$13 per picul, Turmeric at \$14 to \$15 per picul, and Sandalwood at \$50 to \$55 per picul. In exports purchases are reported in Cassia at \$15 per picul, Broken Cassia at \$10 per picul, Green beans at \$5 per picul, Galangal at \$8 per picul, Garlic at \$8 to \$9 per picul, Munsal Stone at \$12 per picul, Vermilion at \$195 to \$200 per picul, Sugar-candy at \$18 per picul, Zedoary at \$18 per picul, and Preserves at \$4 to \$6 per picul.

AFTER THE WAR.

AUSTRALIAN VIEWS ON COMMERCIAL POLICY.

In a recent issue of the *Electrical Review*, a correspondent remarks upon the very strong Anti-German feeling expressed there. It runs very high against trading with the enemy now or after the war, and this finds apt expression in a resolution passed by an Association of Employers at a recent meeting. It reads as follows:—"That in the interests of the Empire this association supports and approves of prohibitive restrictions being placed by the Federal Government on the importation of enemy goods into Australia, and urges that such restrictions should remain in force until a national appeal calls for reconsideration of the matter."

Here is a copy of a poster which meets with much favour:—

REMEMBER	NO ORDERS	A NATIONAL POLICY FOR AUSTRALIANS
Louvain	except	Germans in this country should have no vote in Commonwealth, State or Municipal elections.
Rheims	"GET OUT"	No German, whether naturalised or otherwise, should be eligible during the continuance of the war for election to either Federal or State Parliaments, to any municipal body, or to any Water Trust.
Ypres	for	No men of German birth should be permitted to hold commissions as Magistrates, or as Justices of the Peace.
Rape	for	No German firm should be permitted, now or hereafter, to trade here under a title that conceals its nationality.
Murder	GERMANS	Heavy duties should be imposed on all Enemy goods, and should be made irremovable by statute for a period of 10 years after the conclusion of the war.
Poisonous	German Agents	
Gases		
Burning	or	
Petrol	Repre-	
Poisoned	sentative	
We'll	of	
Starving	German	
Prisoners		
Falaba	Firms	
Lusitania	or	
etc.		
etc.	Goods.	

To the end of last September 2,171 Old Cliftonians have been or are serving in the war. Of these 158 have lost their lives and 210 have been wounded. Two Victoria Crosses have been won, seventeen D.S.O.s, and sixteen Military Crosses. Both General Sir Douglas Haig and Lieut.-General Sir W. R. Birdwood were educated at Clifton College.

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY.

THREE BRITISH SUBJECTS CHARGED.

At H.M. Police Court, Shanghai on November 27th, before Mr. G. W. King, Police Magistrate, three British subjects named S. H. Abbas, O. Abbas and D. Gold were charged with trading with the enemy.

Mr. S. H. McKean prosecuted, the defendants being represented by Mr. Francis Ellis.

In opening the case, Mr. McKean asked permission to amend the charge against Goldman so as to charge the defendant with a breach of Regulation 2, Sub-section 8 of the King's Regulations re Trading with the Enemy between July 26th when the Regulations came into force, and Nov. 23rd, the date of the arrest. The original complaint gave the dates of the offence alleged as between November 1st and 23rd. The Regulation was that the accused committed an offence by "entering into a commercial, financial, or other contract or obligation with or for the benefit of the enemy."

By common consent it was decided to try Goldman summarily, Counsel for the prosecution saying that he did not propose at the moment to bring any further charges against that defendant.

Mr. McKean added that he preferred the cases against the other two defendants to stand over in the meantime.

His worship—I presume it will be a case for committal?

Mr. McKean—Yes.

The charge against S. H. and O. Abbas was heard after the Court had been cleared, and, upon it being opened again, evidence in the Goldman case was taken.

Mr. G. P. Byrne, H. M. Pro-Counsel, stated that on November 23rd he executed a warrant to search the premises at Nos. 6, Kiangse Road, occupied by D. Goldman. Among other things, he found a book, purporting to be a letter book. The letters contained in the book were signed by D. Goldman. On page 421 there was a letter addressed to R. W. Heidorn, in which the following appeared:—"Referring to the matter of chartering the steamer 'Z' as per your particulars, I hereby make you a firm offer for three months at Y. 6,000 per month, payable in advance, delivery at Shanghai." The steamer was to be an ocean-going steamer. Witness also found particulars and specifications of a steamer on a paper headed "R. W. H." One endorsement on this ink was "For sale only" initialed "R.H."; and another in coloured pencil "1/11/15."

Mr. McKean—Do you know this man Heidorn?

Witness—Not personally.

Mr. McKean—What is the nature of your knowledge?—The nature of my knowledge is that he is one of those gentlemen who were requested to absent themselves from the Shanghai Club, being of German nationality.

This being all the evidence, the case was adjourned for Mr. Ellis to have an opportunity of consulting his client.

An application for bail was refused.

WAR-TIME VERSE.

Under the title of "Verses in War Time" Mrs. Copley Moye has published a little collection of original verse. It is characterised by simplicity of style and thought, and is refreshingly free from that straining after the majestic and grandiose which is so often fatal to amateurs. Of "War," the authoress writes:—

Where'er the War God walks the sky is red,
His footsteps burn the living, scorch the dead;
His track, like desert paths, is heaped with bones,
The air is rent with curses and with groans.

One of those pathetic stories in which the War abounds is told in "His," from which we quote the following:—

A helmet worn,
A glove all torn,
And a faded tie,
Then later on,
There things out-spread,
Their owner dead;
A Woman's cry.

In "My brother" we have:—
Yes! he was my brother,
Both sons of one mother,
Sound the last call,
Brother so dear to me,
Would I had died with thee,
Sound the last call.

These are typical of the contents of the attractively bound little brochure, which is being sold on behalf of the Prince of Wales's Fund. Copies may be had at Messrs. Kelly and Walsh's and at Wiseman Café, price \$1 each.

NEW BOOK.

The Showmen: A Legend of the War.
By T. W. H. CROSLAND. London:
T. Werner Laurie, Ltd.

The man who perpetrated "The Unspeakable Sex" long ago established his position as one of our leading satirists. We do not suppose that many of our readers will understand readily the full force of the present satire. It is, therefore, necessary to explain that Mr. Arthur Machen, a writer in one of the London evening newspapers, conceived a legend with regard to the battle of Mons, where some British soldiers were supposed to have seen a vision of angels and therefrom received fresh strength to repel a German attack. The legend was accepted as a true story by some good people. Sermons were preached on it, people talked of it, letters to the editor were received from all quarters, leading articles were written about it. Subsequently, the original article and the other contributions were collected into a volume, with a preface by Mr. Machen, and it has been selling, if report be true, by tens of thousands. It was entitled "The Showmen." Hence "The Showmen." It is a pity Mr. Crosland does not apply his particular gift to something that will be better appreciated by his fellow men at the present time.

THE LAW OF CONSPIRACY.

PRIVY COUNCIL DISMISS APPEAL FROM SHANGHAI.

In the Judicial Court of the Privy Council, before Viscount Haldane, Lord Atkinson, Lord Sumner, and Lord Parmoor, the case of Beechey v. the King was heard on October 28th. It was a petition for special leave to appeal in *forma pauperis* from a judgment of His Majesty's Court of China and Korea of Aug. 17th, 1914, and raised an interesting question in the law of conspiracy.

The petitioner, who is a British subject, was charged at Shanghai, together with a Belgian named de Maear, with conspiracy to defraud. At the trial it was undisputed that de Maear was amenable only to Belgian law, and that conspiracy to defraud was not a criminal offence in Belgian law. The petitioner then raised the defence that it was impossible for him to have been guilty of conspiracy with de Maear in these circumstances. The Judge directed that the jury could not convict the petitioner unless they were satisfied that de Maear was also guilty and would have been convicted if he had been before the Court. The jury found a verdict of "Guilty" against the petitioner, who appealed to the Supreme Court on the point whether it was possible to conspire with a Belgian subject to defraud when conspiracy was not a criminal offence according to the law of Belgium. The Court decided against him, and he now sought special leave to appeal.

During the argument Lord Atkinson said that it would lead to very unfortunate results if a British subject could not be convicted of conspiracy whenever he had a foreigner as a co-conspirator.

Lord Parmoor said that it was clear on the petitioner's own showing that the Judge laid it down to the jury that they were not to convict the petitioner unless they would also have convicted the Belgian had he been before them.

Without calling on counsel for the Crown, their lordships dismissed the petition.

HOW LADIES MAY SCARE MOSQUITOES.

The yellow silk stockings of a society girl at Savannah, U.S., have led to an interesting scientific discovery. The young lady in question, says an Australian exchange, was invited to a house party with half a dozen belles at a country home near Atlanta, where mosquitoes are prevalent. One evening they were so acutely active, making savage attacks upon the silken-clad ankles, and nether limbs of all the girls but one "particular one." Nobody could understand why the mosquitoes had not bitten her. Suddenly somebody observed that while all the other girls were wearing hosiery of black and white, this one's stockings were of a pronounced yellow shade. There was a physician in the party who knew that insects of various kinds had been found peculiarly susceptible to colours, and he went about making experiments, with the result that he found that mosquitoes, at least those in this locality, will never alight on anything that is yellow in tone. "Wear yellow," says the Doctor, "and you will escape mosquito bites."

HONGKONG VOLUNTEERS.

CORPS ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. A. CHAPMAN, V.D. JOINED.

1.—Private C. E. Ozorio joined the Corps on 2nd December, 1915, allotted Corps No. 1945 and posted to Right Section M.G. Co.

TRANSFERS.

2.—Private G. T. May from Signalling Section to Civil Service Company, dated 3rd December, 1915.
Quarrier C. Mycock from No. 1 Section Artillery to Civil Service Company, dated 3rd December, 1915.

PARADES.

3.—Parades for Saturday, 4th instant.
7 a.m. Signalling Section—Signalling practice at Headquarters.
2.30 p.m. Engineer Company—Musketry at King's Park Range as previously ordered.
Remainder, nil.
Parades for Sunday, 5th instant.
9.30 a.m. Engineer Company—Musketry at King's Park Range as previously ordered.
Remainder, nil.
Parades for next week.

No. 2 Section Artillery, Battery, and Scouts Company will parade on Friday, 10th inst. Remainder on Tuesday, 7th inst.

DETAILS.

4.—Gun Club Hill, Kowloon:—
On duty until 7th inst.: Scouts Co. Officer on duty: Lieut. Murphy.
P. of W. Camp, Kowloon:—
On duty to-night: No. 1 Sec. Art. Battery, and Left Sec. M.G. Co. Officer on duty: Lieut. Rees.
On duty 5th inst.: Lieut. Lindell.
Orderly Sergeant until 7th inst.: Corpl. R. Duncan.

G. E. STEWART, Cant.
Adjutant, H.K.V.C.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

PARADES, CENTRAL, 5.30 P.M.

Monday, December 6th.—Recruits of 3rd and 4th Platoons, No. 1 Company and of No. 3 Company.

Tuesday, December 7th.—Recruits of 1st and 2nd Platoons, No. 1 Company and of No. 2 Company.

Wednesday, December 8th.—All Company Inspectors and Sergeants.

Friday, December 10th.—All ranks, at "Central" at 2.05 p.m. sharp, for Route March. Uniform, caps and covers, and rifles.

TILE SHOOT, DECEMBER 5TH.

Leave Blake Pier 9 a.m. Each Platoon Commander will detail one man in uniform to assist on the Range.

F. C. JENKIN,
D.S.P. (Reserve).

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET.

SUITE of WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, in Robinson Road Level, with or without board in English Private House.

Apply—
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 26th November, 1915. [1232]

TO LET.

NOS. 11 and 13, GAGE STREET, from 1st January, 1916

Apply to—
J. VINCENT BRAGA,
Toyo Kisen Kaisha,
Hongkong, 16th November, 1915. [1190]

TO LET.

NOS. 9 and 10, MOUNTAIN VIEW, PEAK.

Apply to—
M. J. D. STEPHENS,
Hongkong, 12th November, 1915. [1170]

TO LET.

BRITISH CONCESSION, SHAMEEN, CANTON.

FROM 1st December, ONE EIGHT-ROOMED HOUSE.

Apply—
T. E. GRIFFITH, Ltd.,
Hongkong, 11th November, 1915. [1167]

TO LET.

"THE KENNELS," 163, Magazine Gap. Thoroughly renovated and repaired.

Apply—
"THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD."
Hongkong, 10th November, 1915. [1168]

TO LET.

RAVENSHILL EAST, Park Road, containing 6 Rooms, 3 Bath Rooms, Servants' Quarters, &c. Vacant 1st November.

Apply—
DEACON, LOOKER, DEACON & HARBSTON,
Hongkong, 18th October, 1915. [1094]

TO LET.

"GLENSHIEL," No. 141, Plantation Road, Peak, from 1st November, 1915.

Apply—
LINSTED & DAVIS,
Hongkong, 18th October, 1915. [1088]

TO LET.

NORMAN COTTAGE, No. 2, Peak Road, 4 GOOD ROOMS. Immediate possession.

Apply—
PERCY SMITH, BETH & FLEMING,
Hongkong, 20th August, 1915. [879]

TO LET.

A HOUSE in Knutsford Terrace, Kowloon.

Apply—
"THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD."
Hongkong, 24th October, 1915. [145]

TO LET.

OFFICES in St. GEORGE'S BUILDING, Second Floor, Overlooking Harbour, immediate possession.

Apply to—
SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.
Hongkong, 3rd December, 1914. [139]

TO LET.

THREE-ROOMED FLATS in Humphrey's Building, Kowloon.

FOUR-ROOMED FLATS in May Road, with every modern convenience, including English Baths and Kitchen Ranges, Hot Water and Water Carriage System. A few Flats specially designed to accommodate three bachelors at reasonable rentals. Immediate possession.

FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon.

WINDSOR LODGE, Kowloon, Six-Roomed House with Tennis Court. Immediate possession.

Apply—
RUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., Ltd.,
Alexandra Buildings,
Hongkong, 28th November, 1915. [1177]

TO LET.

OFFICES at 2, Connaught Road.

OFFICES in King's Buildings, OFFICES in Des Vaux Road Central HOUSES in CLIFTON GARDENS, Connaught Road.

NEW HOUSES in Broadwood Terrace, HOUSES at the Peak.

No. 21, WONG-NEI-CHONG ROAD, No. 1, MORETON TERRACE, Causeway Bay.

GODOWNS, at Wanohai.

GODOWNS, at New Praya, Kennedy Town Nos. 1, 2 and 3, WEST END TERRACE, CANTON.

Apply—
"THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD."
Hongkong, 4th November, 1915. 38

ON SALE.

BOUND VOLUMES of the HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS, JANUARY to JUNE, 1915. With INDEX. Price \$7.50.
On Sale at the "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS" Office.
Hongkong 10th August, 1915.

WEST POINT DOUBLE MURDER CHARGE. NO SIGNS OF INSANITY DISCOVERED.

PRISONER'S REMARKABLE TALE.

The hearing was resumed before the Chief Justice and a jury at the Criminal Sessions yesterday of the case in which a brothel attendant named Li Pui is charged with double murder at West Point.

The Crown Solicitor (Mr. P. M. Hodgson) prosecuted and Mr. C. G. Alabaster defended.

Dr. W. B. A. Moore (Assistant Medical Superintendent of the Government Civil Hospital) deposed that he could find no signs of insanity in the prisoner, and no evidence that he had ever suffered from epilepsy. A man who had been subject to epileptic fits might possibly show signs, such as scars on the tongue through having bitten it, but there were no scars on prisoner. He had questioned the man, and he answered rationally.

In answer to Mr. Alabaster, Dr. Moore said he examined the prisoner for an hour and 20 minutes on Wednesday and for about half an hour on Thursday. An hour and 50 minutes was the whole period of examination. The conversation with the prisoner was through an interpreter, and as a result of the examination he formed the opinion that the man was not insane. He asked prisoner certain questions about his family history. He said that his father died when 38 years of age "from pains in all his bones." He said he would not have stabbed Wong Pan if the latter had been his friend. Wong Pan had money and used to make a fool of prisoner. Wong Pan was one of the heads of the Triad Society. Dr. Moore related the following interrogation of the prisoner by himself:—

How did he make a fool of you?—Sometimes he would show me a knife and say "I will stab you."

What sort of knife did he use?—A small sword.

Was it the knife produced in Court?—No, that was only used for cutting roast duck.

Why did you kill Lo Kun?—I didn't want to kill him, but he tried to stop me killing Wong Pan. Lo Kun got killed by accident.

Dr. Moore said he further questioned prisoner, who declared that on the night preceding the murder Wong Pan, in the presence of several people, exclaimed, "Who would dare kill me?" He looked at prisoner as he spoke. Prisoner said he had never intended to kill Wong Pan until after he had dared him, and then he determined to kill him. Wong Pan had accused him of stealing, and in passing his bed he said to prisoner, "Oh, stealing again, stealing again!" Guests in the brothel gave a good deal of cash, and Wong Pan did not divide it up. Wong Pan tried to get cash that should have come to him (prisoner).

Dr. Moore said he asked prisoner why he did not fight about this earlier, and he replied, "Because I did not want to make trouble. I wanted to make up my mind to kill him." Dr. Moore asked him why he did not ask Wong Pan to mend his ways, and he answered that he did not because Wong Pan would not listen to anyone. He said he was not sorry for the deed, but he appeared to know that he had done wrong. Witness considered the prisoner as intelligent as most of his class. He told witness that he was an opium smoker.

Dr. C. W. McKenny, Medical Officer of the Civil Hospital, deposed that he had a large experience of Chinese of the class of the prisoner, said it was his opinion that the man was not insane. He was a man of normal intelligence for the low coolie class, in which he might be ranked. His impression was that the man knew he had done something for which he would be punished. He was quite certain of that. Witness asked him if he were frightened as to the results of his action, and his reply was that it was natural to fear death, but he was satisfied to pay with his life. He seemed to accept the situation quite philosophically.

In answer to Mr. Alabaster, Dr. McKenny agreed that he appeared to regard his act as a righteous one. He inferred that the prisoner and Wong Pan had been at loggerheads for a long time. If this were proved not to be so in fact, then prisoner must be suffering from delusions.

The jury, after an absence of less than ten minutes, unanimously found the prisoner guilty of murder. Asked if he had anything to say why sentence of death should not be passed upon him, the condemned man remarked, "I have nothing to say. I leave the matter entirely in your lordship's hands to decide."

In passing sentence his lordship said the jury had come to the conclusion that at the time the man committed the terrible murders he was perfectly sane and thoroughly understood the consequences of his act. It was quite possible that it was true that the unfortunate deceased men said everything to him which accused him of alleged, but that would be no justification for the terrible murders he had committed. The usual sentence was then passed, prisoner remaining quite unmoved.

CORRESPONDENCE. HONGKONG CURRENCY.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS,"]

DEAR SIR,—I have read with much interest the correspondence which has been proceeding in your columns on the subject of the failure of the legal tender to maintain its position, but many of your correspondents who discuss this question seem to me to fail to understand half the difficulty. The currency of the Colony is required for two purposes—one is the purchase of articles in the Colony, the other is the purchase of the currency of other countries. The banks, who are the vendors of the latter, say, in effect: "If you want to purchase drafts or credits elsewhere you must pay the price as which we will sell them; if, for instance, you wish to buy a demand draft on London, you must pay our official rate for this; it is nothing to do with us that your market-man requires that the monthly bill you owe him for household necessities must be calculated according to the rate at which we sell our promises to pay pounds in London. If our terms do not suit, then go elsewhere." The effect of this, of course, is, as we all know, new local prices for local commodities are based upon the banks' quotation for the sale of their own paper, but that only shows that the banks are more powerful than the Government.

Would it be possible for banks to retain the fanciful value of the dollar did they not possess the control of the note issue is an interesting point. It would seem not, for, in the absence of notes, a rate for foreign currencies would have to be quoted in the only medium of discharging liabilities, which, in such circumstances, would be the legal tender—silver dollars. Of course, if this contention be sound, its corollary, doubtless, would be an immediate drop of about 2d. in the sterling value of the Hongkong dollar, but there would be an abolition of the dual standard which now exists and which has brought the legal tender into disrepute and thereby created a political scandal.—Yours faithfully,

AN ABSENT RESIDENT.

London, 29th October, 1915.

COMPANY MEETING.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

An extraordinary general meeting of the above Company was held at the registered office of the Company, No. 3, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, yesterday at noon, Mr. W. L. Pattenden (Chairman) presiding. There were also present:—The Hon. Mr. E. Shellin and Mr. J. W. C. Bonnar (Directors), C. D. Wilkinson, E. V. D. Parr, A. R. Lowe, E. W. Looker, F. B. L. Bowley, G. C. Moxon, R. P. Tharfield, J. A. Young, R. E. Humphreys, F. M. Smith, G. A. Hastings, W. Danbar, J. M. Alves, A. E. Crispell, M. S. Sassoon, D. C. Beadel, E. A. M. Williams, F. B. Silva, M. A. Remedios, A. H. M. da Silva, C. F. da Carvalho, E. G. Remedios, Chang Ngok Sang, Chan A. Pat, Leung Yan Po, and the Secretary (Mr. C. Pemberton).

The Secretary having read the notice convening the meeting, The Chairman said:—The directors of the Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd., having provisionally agreed to the scheme for the amalgamation of the two Companies, there is every reason to believe that their shareholders will also do so and that it will be carried into effect. It is therefore necessary to make the alterations in our Articles of Association as set forth in the notice convening the meeting which has been read. As it is possible that the gist of these alterations is not apparent to all of you I will briefly explain them.

Article No. 19 limits the number of shares any one shareholder may hold to 1,000, and as the "Union" will acquire the majority of the shares of this Company it is necessary to eliminate this article.

The alteration in Article No. 50 simply shortens the notice to be given when calling a meeting.

Article No. 53 provides that the quorum for an ordinary meeting shall be 12, and for a general meeting 20 shareholders present. With a much smaller number of shareholders it might be difficult to get these quorums, and so the quorum is being reduced to 10 for all meetings.

The alteration in Article No. 64 gives, on a poll, a shareholder one vote for every share that he holds, instead of one vote for 5 or less shares and one vote for every additional 10 shares.

I now beg to propose as an extraordinary resolution the following:—

That the Articles of Association of the Company be altered in manner following:—

(a)—Article 19 shall be cancelled.

(b)—In Article 50 in lieu of the words "twenty-one clear days' notice" there shall be substituted the words "ten days' notice at least of every meeting."

(c)—The following Article shall be substituted for Article 53, namely:—

"Except as otherwise provided by these articles no business shall be transacted at any meeting unless there shall be personally present at the commencement of the business ten or more shareholders."

(d)—Article 64 shall be altered by striking out all words after the words "upon a poll every shareholder" and by adding after such words "present in person by proxy shall have one vote for every share held by him."

The Hon. Mr. SHELLIN seconded, and the motion was carried unanimously. There were no questions.

The Chairman—That is all the business, gentlemen. Thank you for your attendance. The confirmatory meeting will be held on Saturday, 18th December, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon.

THE LICENSING BOARD.

NAMES OF THE NEW MEMBERS.

It is announced in the Government Gazette that the Hon. Mr. Edward Shellin, Mr. Thomas Frederick Hough, and Mr. Mowbray Stafford Northcote have been duly nominated to be members of the Licensing Board, vice the late Mr. Edbert Ansgar Hewett, C.M.G., Mr. Chaloner Grenville Alabaster (resigned), and Mr. Augustus Shelton Hooper (absent from the Colony), with effect from the 3rd inst.

H.E. the Governor has been pleased to appoint the Hon. Sir. Catchick Paul Chater, C.M.G., and the Hon. Mr. David Landale to be Un-official Members of the Licensing Board, vice Mr. Douglas William Craddock and Mr. Herbert William Bird resigned, with effect from the 3rd inst.

AT THE MAGISTRACY.

Mr. Owen, of Carnarvon Road, Kowloon, was at the Magistracy yesterday fined \$5 for allowing his dog to be out without a muzzle. Professor C. A. M. Smith, of Hongkong University, was also fined \$5 by Mr. Hazeland for allowing his dog to be abroad without a muzzle.

At the Magistracy yesterday, before Mr. Lindsell, P.-C. J. Arnold (Reserve) summoned Wong Chik Tung, the licensee of a Chinese wine and spirit shop at 253, Queen's Road West, with failing to exhibit his correct licence number. Defendant pleaded guilty and was fined \$5, and for failing to answer to the summons on December 1st was fined an additional \$1. The same constable charged two hawkers with trading without licences. One was fined \$3 and the other, failing to appear, had his bail of \$5 estreated. P.-C. Arnold also charged a hawker with causing an obstruction in Connaught Road. Defendant was fined \$3. P.-C. Thornton (Reserve) charged a hawker with a similar offence in front of the Hau Tak wharf, and a fine of \$3 was imposed.

GARMENTS FROM HONGKONG.

This week the following garments were sent home by the women of Hongkong, Swatow and Foochow, through the courtesy of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes:—To Colonel GORDON HALL, R.A.M.C., 19th General Hospital, Alexandria.

For the wounded, and men at Dardanelles.

Two parcels from "Our little bit Workers" Society, Kowloon, containing 15 shirts, 1 dozen cakes soap, 1 dozen pairs socks, 1 dozen pairs mittens, 1 dozen towels, 2 dozen handkerchiefs, 1 dozen toothbrushes, 500 sheets paper, and 250 envelopes.

Also a parcel containing 1 knitted waistcoat, 1 sweater, 4 dozen pairs socks, 15 tray cloths, 6 pairs gloves, 3 caps, 1 muffler, 4 pairs mittens, 3 overcoats, 1 man's suit, 1 man's coat and waistcoat, and 2 pairs long stockings.

To Miss VIVIAN, The Maurice Hotel, 52 Herbert Street, Hoxton, N. Three parcels were sent containing coats, skirts and blouses etc.

To Mrs. EMMY Jackson, Work Society, 94, Marlborough Mansions, West Hampstead, N.W. Two parcels were sent containing the following from "Our little bit Workers":—10 fur waistcoats, 1 dozen pairs socks, 28 pairs mittens, 2 mufflers, 4 suits pyjamas.

To Mrs. LEFROY, Vice-President, S.S.F.A., Hoxton Branch, The Maurice Hotel, Britannia Street, Hoxton, N. were sent two parcels of women's and children's garments.

The following letters have been received by Lady May in acknowledgment of work sent:—

Queen Mary's Needlework Guild, Friary Court, St. James' Palace, S.W. 22nd October.

DEAR MADAME,—I am commanded by Her Majesty to convey to you and the Women of Hongkong the expression of her high appreciation of our generosity and to thank you all for the further splendid gift of clothing which you have been so good as to send to the Q.M.G.—Yours faithfully, ANNIE LAWLEY, Hon. Secretary.

94, Marlborough Mansions, West Hampstead, N.W., 18th October.

DEAR LADY MAY,—Many thanks for your kind letter of September 23rd. I was on the point of writing to you when it came to tell you that I forwarded the packets of children's clothes tied with Belgian ribbons, through my sister-in-law, Lady Scott-Gatty, to a Mr. Innes Taylor who is working from a Canal boat in Belgium distributing food and clothes to refugees there. A very grateful letter came from the officer, and I now send this to you to forward to the kind donor with the "word sketch" of the charity. It is very kind of the Women of Hongkong to think of making some more clothes for the wounded, and I gladly send patterns of an open-backed night shirt and a jacket, as these are 2 of the most needed garments. I also send directions for a vest, but the ones you sent before are equally useful. I hope soon to send the September report. You will see that flannel material is asked for in Egypt as well as on the Continent. I fear we shall soon have hospitals near Salonika. With kind regards.—Yours very truly,

H. EDEN.

ROWLSON BAZAAR CONCERT.

The following programme has been arranged for the concert which is to be given in the St. Andrew's Church Hall in connection with the Bazaar to be held at Kowloon to-day:—

Selections by the Orchestra of the H.K.V. Signallers' Section; bass solo, selected, Mr. A. J. England; soprano solo, Testi's "Good-bye," Miss Scott; skipping-rope dance, Miss Mary Hyde; vocal duet, Mr. and Mrs. Villiers Smyth; baritone solo, "Trooper Johnny Ludlow," Mr. H. I. Jones; song, Mr. W. G. Worcester; song "The Dancing Lesson," Mrs. Villiers Smyth; song, "I Love ye 'cause I do," Mr. H. Relphs; baritone solo, "Pipes of Pan," Mr. H. E. Muriel.

PRINCE OF WALES' FUND.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST NO. 53.

Mr. T. S. Yeung, Pakhoi (October to December) \$ 15.00
Miss Belinda Jerrocks 35.00
Mr. D. Neilson 10.00
Mr. C. W. Jeffries 5.00
Mr. Ogier Singh 5.00
Members of the Institution of Engineers and Shipbuilders (October) 205.00
Mr. A. F. Clarke 5.00
Y. H. 5.00
Staff, Taihou Sugar Refinery 327.82
Bhagat Singh 5.00
Kowloon Dock Staff (October) 203.09
Mr. R. D. Harvey's Fund: Mission, Swatow, 21 10.72

Collected by Mr. C. E. Warren:—Mr. H. Stainfield, \$8; Mr. A. J. Walters, \$5; Mr. R. H. Hanson, \$5; Mr. A. Cordeiro, \$3; Mr. J. Ascock, \$3; Mr. A. J. Lindberg, \$2; Mr. J. M. Xavier, \$2; Mr. C. E. Warren, \$1; Mrs. C. E. Warren, \$2 31.00

Collected by Mr. H. Murray Bain:—Mrs. E. Murray Bain \$15; Mr. Geo. Harper, \$5; Mr. H. Murray Bain, \$5 25.00

Collected by Mr. E. F. Lyle (Kongmoon):—Mr. J. Chipperfield, \$8; Mr. D. B. Izatt, \$5; Mr. H. C. Scrimshaw, \$4; Mr. M. Friedmann, \$2; Mr. E. A. Friedricksen, \$4; Mr. F. A. Page Patrick, \$10; Mr. E. Huckle, \$5; Mr. E. F. Lyle, \$10; Anonymous, \$10. 50.00

Collected by Mr. G. B. Worby (Anon):—Mr. W. H. Barley, \$4.74; Mr. A. P. C. Hicks, \$4.74; Mr. C. Watson, \$4.74; Mr. G. B. Worby, \$4.49 23.71

Collected by Mr. R. D. Harvey:—Mr. G. B. Carpenter (Yunnanfu), \$50; Mr. A. H. Roberts, \$5; Mr. D. E. Clark, \$5; Mr. N. L. Railton, \$2; Mr. J. Stalker, \$2; Mr. J. McGregor (Fochow), \$3; L. S., \$3 70.00

Collected by Mr. F. M. Crawford:—Mr. C. F. Graham, \$10; Mr. C. M. Castro, \$4; Mr. S. H. Dutton, \$10; Capt. G. H. Alecock, \$10; Mr. A. Kum, \$5; Mr. W. Gow, \$10; Capt. L. Hussey, \$10; Capt. A. Fraser, \$5 64.00

Collected by the Victoria Dispensary:—Mr. J. H. May, \$10; Capt. J. S. Lewington, \$2; Mr. A. P. Nobbs, \$5; Mr. E. W. H. Jones, \$5; Mr. Lewis Guy, \$5; Mr. F. W. Stapleton, \$5; Mr. J. R. Capell, \$5; Mr. F. Rapp, \$5; Mr. A. W. Gibb, \$2.50; W. H., \$2.50; J. E., \$3 50.00

Collected by Mr. R. D. Harvey:—Mr. E. F. Lyle, \$10; Mr. C. G. Fry, \$10; Mr. H. L. Meeklenburgh, \$10; Mr. F. E. Joseland, \$5; Mr. J. H. Rakehouse, \$5; Mr. J. A. Coleman, \$5; Mr. W. McKay, \$5; Mr. A. E. Harvey, \$5; Mr. W. McGrann, \$1 51.00

Already acknowledged Lists 1/52 \$ 1,262.25

Less discount on sub-coins for November 272,747.42

\$ 274,009.67

Less discount on sub-coins for November 1.09

\$ 274,008.58

Monthly Subscriptions 2,669.09

Already acknowledged Lists 1/52 60,070.97

\$ 68,740.06

\$ 342,748.64

\$ 323,005.64

Balance in hand \$ 16,142.80

N. J. STABB, H. Treasurer.

Hongkong, December 2nd, 1915.

MOBE APPEALS FOR GOLD.

The German authorities still make spasmodic appeals to the public to convert their stores of gold into paper. A semi-official note says that the fact that gold is still reaching the Imperial Bank is a proof that there is gold in the country. It is suggested that a good many people are probably ashamed to produce so late in the day the gold that they have hidden. They are recommended, if they can summon up courage, to take it to the post-office, but if they still feel ashamed, to take it to the local clergy, who are ready at all hours of the day to accept gold in exchange for paper.

INTIMATIONS.

EVENING DRESS WEAR.

OUR GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING DEPT.

IS NOW REPLETE WITH THE LATEST STYLES

AND NOVELTIES FOR EVENING WEAR.

READY TO WEAR DRESS

WAIST-COATS

From \$5.50 Each.

DRESS SHIRTS

From \$3.50 Each.

COLLARS

All Shapes \$4.50 Per Dozen.

THE LATEST IN

MUFFLERS, TIES, ETC.

PATENT PUMPS & SHOES

From \$7.50 Per Pair.

OVERCOATS

IN ALL WEIGHTS AND SIZES.

[22]

WILLEM HEYBLOM,

IMPORT AND EXPORT MERCHANT.

3. QUEEN'S BUILDING.

SOLE REPRESENTATIVE OF 30 DUTCH AND SEVERAL

ENGLISH AND SWISS MANUFACTURERS.

INSPECTION OF SAMPLES CORDIALLY INVITED.

PHONE: 1687.

PHONE: 1687.

Hongkong, 4th December, 1915.

[1176]

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE." Sure Signs of Blood Impurity.

The continual appearing through the skin of ECZEMA, BLOTCHES, SPOTS, BLACKHEADS, PIMPLES, BOILS, SORES AND ERUPTIONS OF ANY KIND.

The throbbing aching pains of BAD LEGS, ULCERS, ABSCESSSES, SCROFULA, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BLOOD POISON, PILES.

The Dread Grip of RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, GOUT.

All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments, which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have is a medicine that will get right to the root of your trouble, a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome and expel from the blood all impurities (from whatever cause arising), and by rendering it clean and pure can be relied on to effect a lasting cure.

For selection of testimonials see pamphlet round bottle.

OVER 50 YEARS' SUCCESS. PLEASANT TO THE TASTE.

By reasons of its Remarkable Blood Purifying Properties is universally recognised as THE WORLD'S BEST REMEDY FOR SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers. REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

Clarke's Blood Mixture

Clarke's Blood Mixture

Clarke's Blood Mixture

Clarke's Blood Mixture

Clarke's Blood Mixture

Clarke's Blood Mixture

Clarke's Blood Mixture

DARLINGTON'S HANDBOOK.

"Sir Henry Ponsonby is commanded by the Queen to thank Mr. Darlington for a copy of his Handbook."

"Nothing better could be wished for."—British Weekly.

"Far superior to ordinary guides."—Daily Chronicle.

Visitors to London should use.

DARLINGTON'S LONDON. "A brilliant book."—The Times.

"Particularly good."—Academy.

AND BY E. C. COOK and Enlarged Edition.

ENVIRONS. 24 Maps and Plans, 60 Illustrations, 60 Illustrations.

NORTH WALES. 10 Maps 5s.

DEVON AND CORNWALL. 80 Illustrations, 12 Maps, 5s.

Visitors to Brighton, Eastbourne, Hastings, Bournemouth, Wye Valley, Severn Valley, Bath, Weston-super-mare, Malvern, Hereford, Worcester, Gloucester, Landrind Wells, Langollen, Aberystwyth, Towy, Barnmouth, Doolilly, Harlech, Criccieth, Pwllheli, Glandudno, Rhyl, Betws-y-coed, Isle of Wight and Channel Islands should send for DARLINGTON'S HANDBOOK in each.

1s. THE HOTELS OF THE WORLD. A Handbook to the leading Hotels throughout the World.

LIVERPOOL: DARLINGTON & Co., LONDON: SIMPKIN & Co.

120

香港中外新報

CHUNG NGOI SAN PO (Chinese Daily Press).

PUBLISHED DAILY

Is the oldest and still immeasurably the best Advertising medium among the Native Community.

Established for over FIFTY YEARS

Circulates largely throughout Southern China Indo-China, etc.

Terms for Advertising (Translation free) can be obtained at the Office, 10A, Des Vaux Road Central, Hongkong, 151, Fleet Street, London or from the different Agents

Documents translated from or into Chinese or Colloquial Chinese.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

G. E.
TO LET—IMMEDIATELY.
NOS. 2, 4, 5, 9, 10, 12 and 13, AUSTIN AVENUE, Kowloon. Keys with watchman. Also a few small quarters in A & B Blocks, Queen's Road, at reasonable rents. Full particulars on application to—
O.C. A.S.C.
Victoria Barracks.
Hongkong, 4th December, 1915. [1250]

THE AMERICAN AND MANCHURIAN LINE.

(Ellieman and Bucknell Steamship Co., Ltd.)
FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK
(With Liberty to call at the Malabar Coast).
THE Steamship
"KATHLAMBA,"
6,382 tons, will be despatched as above on THURSDAY, 20th January, 1916.
For Freight and further particulars, apply to THE BANK LINE, LTD., Agents.
Hongkong, 4th December, 1915. [1251]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From SHANGHAI, KOBE and MOJI.

THE Steamship
"JAPAN,"
having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside.
Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd., Agents.
Hongkong, 3rd December, 1915. [129]

WANTED.

AN Experienced and Reliable BOOK-KEEPER. European. Only those holding unquestionable references need apply to—
"SHIPPING."
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 2nd December, 1915. [1245]

WANTED.

By a Commercial Firm, a GIRL TYPIST; no objection to beginners, Eurasian preferred.
Apply, stating salary required, to—
"P."
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 1st December, 1915. [1243]

WANTED.

DAILY or Resident NURSE for two Children at the Peak. Apply by letter enclosing copies of testimonials to—
"P."
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 10th November, 1915. [1164]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.
WANTED.
ENGINEERS and DECK OFFICERS.
Apply to—
DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co., General Managers.
Hongkong, 1st December, 1915. [1242]

NOTICE.

THE BUSINESS of Mr. H. K. HOLMES Solicitor, hitherto carried on at the Post Office Building, Victoria, Hongkong, will be carried on as from this date by Mr. GUY ROBSON HAYWOOD under the Name and Style of HOLMES & HAYWOOD.
H. K. HOLMES,
GUY R. HAYWOOD.
Hongkong, 1st December, 1915. [1244]

G. E.
SANITARY BOARD OFFICE,
HONGKONG.
To the
OWNERS OF DOMESTIC BUILDINGS.

TAKE NOTICE that under No. 5 of the DOMESTIC CLEARING BYE-LAWS (as amended), every Domestic Building or part of such Building within the CENTRAL Division of the City of Victoria, and the WESTERN Division of Kowloon, occupied by Members of more than one family, except those within the European Reservation or in Kowloon South of Austin Road or those parts of a Domestic Building used as a Shop, Office or Godown, must be CLEANSED and LIMESWASHED THROUGHOUT by the owners during the months of December and January.
N.B.—The word "throughout" used in this Notice means that the Houses should be Limeswashed in respect of all the Walls of each Room, all Cubicles, Partitions, Stair Casings and Stair Linings, all Ceilings and the Undersides of Roofs in Main Buildings, Offices and Servants' Quarters and inclusive of Verandahs.
The Backyard must have its containing Walls Limeswashed up to the level of the First Floor.
Carved, Painted or Polished Woodwork in good condition, however, need not be Limeswashed, but must be Cleaned.
The CENTRAL Division of the City lies between Gilmour Street and Peel Street on the East and Tank Lane and Cleverly Street on the West.
Kowloon is divided into the EASTERN and WESTERN Divisions by Nathan Road and a straight line drawn from the North and through the Yau-mat-si service reservoir to the Northern boundary of Kowloon.
W. BOWEN ROWLANDS,
Secretary.
Dated this 1st day of December, 1915. [1247]

INTIMATIONS

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED, will be held at the Head Office of the Society, No. 2, Queen's Buildings, 1st House Street, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, TO-DAY (SATURDAY), the 4th day of December, 1915, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing an Extraordinary Resolution the following Resolutions, that is to say:—
(1.)—"That the Capital of the Society be increased to \$4,000,000 (Four Million Dollars) by the creation of 3,600 (Three Thousand Six Hundred) Additional Ordinary Shares of \$250 (Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars) each (whereof \$100 (One Hundred Dollars) shall be credited as paid up) ranking for Dividend and in all other respects on a par with the Existing Ordinary Shares of the Society; and that the said Additional Shares, so far as shall be necessary for the purpose, be issued to those Shareholders of the CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, who have accepted or shall accept the Society's offer made to them on the 4th day of August, 1915, such issue being in accordance with the terms of a contract or memorandum in writing made or to be made pursuant to the said offer and to be filed with the Registrar of Companies; and that the balance (if any) of the said Additional Shares be disposed of by the Society's Board of Directors in such manner as such Board shall think most beneficial to the Society."
(2.)—"That Article No. 9 of the Society's Articles of Association which now reads:—
"The Society shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the Shares of any Shareholder for all monies due to the Society either from him alone or jointly with any other person, and where a Share is held by more persons than one the Society shall have a lien thereon in respect of all monies so due to it from all or any of the holders thereof."
be eliminated in its entirety and that in lieu thereof the following new Article be inserted as Article No. 9:—
(3.)—"The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the Shares Registered in the name of each Shareholder (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof, for his debts, liabilities and engagements, and solely or jointly with any other person, to or with the Company, whether the period for the payment, fulfillment, or discharge thereof shall have actually arrived or not, and no equitable interest in any Share shall be created except upon the footing and condition that Clause 34a hereof is to have full effect. And such lien shall extend to all Dividends from time to time declared in respect of such Shares."
(3a.)—"That after Article No. 34 of the Society's Articles of Association the following new Article be inserted as Article No. 34a:—
(34a.)—"Save as herein otherwise provided the Society shall be entitled to treat the Registered Holder of any Share as the absolute owner thereof, and accordingly shall not, except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction, or as by Ordinance required, be bound to recognise any equitable or other claim to or interest in such Share on the part of any other person, Firm, Company or Corporation."
(4.)—"That the heading of Articles Nos. 95 to 100 (inclusive) of the Society's Articles of Association reading 'The Secretary' be altered so as to read 'the General Manager'; and that in the last-mentioned Articles (Nos. 95 to 100 inclusive) wherever the word 'Secretary' appears such word be eliminated and that in lieu thereof the words 'General Manager' be inserted."
(5.)—"That in the following Articles of the Society's Articles of Association, viz.:—Articles Nos. 2, 7, 25, 35, 45, 47, 53, 55, 54, 94, 103, and 129 the word 'Secretary' wherever it occurs be eliminated and that in lieu thereof the words 'General Manager' be inserted."
Should the above Resolutions be passed by the requisite majority, they will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions to a Second Extraordinary General Meeting which will be subsequently convened.
Dated this 22nd day of November, 1915.
By Order of the Board,
C. MONTAGUE EDE,
Secretary. [1219]

NOTICE.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE CERTIFICATE No. 597, dated 16th January, 1884, of the Share No. 15105 in this Company, standing in the name of Mr. THOMAS BROWN, of Shanghai, has been LOST, and if at the expiration of One Month from the date hereof the above document be not forthcoming another Certificate will be issued by the Company and thereafter no other will be acknowledged.
Dated 11th November, 1915.
C. PEMBERTON,
Secretary. [1174]

FOR SALE.

ONE 104 B.H.P. HORNSBY ACKROYD OIL ENGINE complete with and coupled direct to one 6 K.W. Continuous Current Shunt Wound Dynamo of 60/70 volts with shunt regulator.
Also ONE SWITCHBOARD for AUTOMOTORS DYNAMO, &c. complete with instruments for 100 Amps.
For further particulars apply to—
LINSTED & DAVIS,
Alexandra Buildings.
Hongkong 16th September, 1915. [1255]

INTIMATIONS

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Head Office of the Company, No. 2, Queen's Buildings, 1st House Street, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, TO-DAY (SATURDAY), the 4th day of December, 1915, at 12.15 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing an Extraordinary Resolution the following Resolutions, that is to say:—
(1.)—"That Article No. 9 of the Company's Articles of Association which now reads:—
"The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the Shares of any Shareholder for all monies due to the Company either from him alone or jointly with any other person, and where a Share is held by more persons than one the Company shall have a lien thereon in respect of all monies so due to it from all or any of the holders thereof."
be eliminated in its entirety, and that in lieu thereof the following new Article be inserted as Article No. 9:—
(2.)—"The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the Shares Registered in the name of each Shareholder (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof, for his debts, liabilities and engagements, and solely or jointly with any other person, to or with the Company, whether the period for the payment, fulfillment or discharge thereof shall have actually arrived or not, and no equitable interest in any Share shall be created except upon the footing and condition that Clause 33a hereof is to have full effect. And such lien shall extend to all Dividends from time to time declared in respect of such Shares."
(3.)—"That after Article No. 33 of the Company's Articles of Association the following new Article be inserted as Article No. 33a:—
(33a.)—"Save as herein otherwise provided the Company shall be entitled to treat the Registered Holder of any Share as the absolute owner thereof, and accordingly shall not, except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction, or as by Ordinance required, be bound to recognise any equitable or other claim to or interest in such Share on the part of any other person, Firm, Company or Corporation."
(3b.)—"That the heading of Articles Nos. 94 to 99 (inclusive) of the Company's Articles of Association reading 'The Secretary' be altered so as to read 'the General Manager'; and that in the last-mentioned Articles (Nos. 94 to 99 inclusive) wherever the word 'Secretary' appears such word be eliminated and that in lieu thereof the words 'General Manager' be inserted."
(4.)—"That in the following Articles of the Company's Articles of Association, viz.:—Articles Nos. 2, 7, 24, 35, 44, 46, 52, 54, 83, 93, 102, and 128 the word 'Secretary' wherever it occurs be eliminated and that in lieu thereof the words 'General Manager' be inserted."
Should the above Resolutions be passed by the requisite majority, they will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions to a Second Extraordinary General Meeting which will be subsequently convened.
Dated this 22nd day of November, 1915.
By Order of the Board,
C. MONTAGUE EDE,
Secretary. [1220]

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

IN THE MATTER OF THE WING ON COMPANY, LIMITED,

and
IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES' ORDINANCE, 1911.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition was presented to the Court on 24th November, 1915, by the above-named Company to confirm an alteration of the Company's objects proposed to be effected by the following Special Resolution of the Company unanimously passed and confirmed at Extraordinary General Meetings on 20th October and 11th November, 1915:—
1. To add paragraph 3 of the Memorandum of Association the following:—
To do all kinds of suitable business, to establish branches, to enlarge the said business, to open Branch Offices for Fire, Marine and Life Insurance, Land Investment, Loan and Deposit, Shipping and Hotel business, to commence any other business that may seem profitable to the Company, and to take shares in any other Company, or Companies; but before doing any of the aforesaid businesses a unanimous resolution of the Board of Directors must be passed.
AND NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that the Petition is set down for hearing by the Court on 11th January, 1916, at 10.30 A.M., and any person interested in the Company, whether as creditor or otherwise, desirous to oppose the making of an order confirming the said alteration under the above Ordinance, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose, and a copy of the petition will be supplied to any such person requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charge.
Dated 28th November, 1915.
DENNIS & BOWLEY,
Solicitors for the Company,
No. 6, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong. [1237]

INTIMATION

DEWAR'S SCOTCH WHISKY

"IMPERIAL INSTITUTE"



THE WHISKY OF YOUR FOREFATHERS.

SOLE AGENTS:

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

DEATHS.

BUTLER.—On November 27th, at The General Hospital, Shanghai, FREDERICK WILLIAM BUTLER, overseer, Public Works Department, aged 39 years.
BOWKER.—On November 27th, at 163, D'Almeida Road, Shanghai, GEORGE HENRY BOWKER, late of the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., aged 68 years.
MORRIS.—On Friday, November 19th at Bournemouth, England, JOHN MORRIS, late of Kelly & Walsh, Ltd.
MURRAY.—On 1st December, in England, GEORGE CORRY MURRAY, of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, [1252]

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10, DES VOEUX ROAD, C. LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, DECEMBER 4th, 1915.

THE ATTITUDE OF GREECE.

THE attitude of Greece in relation to the war still remains as indefinite as ever. The warm welcome accorded to M. DENYS COCHIN, the French Envoy, and the assurance which KING CONSTANTINE gave at the luncheon held in honour of his visitor, encouraged the belief that the Government of Greece would accede to the demands made by the Entente Powers. The belief was strengthened by the subsequent reports that the Government had agreed not to disarm the Anglo-French forces if they were obliged to fall back into Greek territory, or to withhold railway and telegraph facilities from them. As a consequence of the favourable development of the situation the Greek steamers that were detained in British ports were released, and difficulties were no longer placed in the way of the transmission of Greek commercial cables. A day or two ago, however, the political sky again became clouded. Greece objected that, with Salonika and its railway connections in the hands of the Allies, her forces would be deprived of their only provisioning base, and made her neutrality conditional upon the full observance of her sovereign rights and the non-imposition of any restrictions of a military character. The position, therefore, remains "complicated and rather acute," to quote the words of a telegram from Athens. It is certainly obvious that Greece is not disposed to lend any very cordial support to the Allies in their task of succouring the nation which, with a callous disregard for treaty obligations, she has abandoned in the hour of need, but until the text of the Notes which have been exchanged is made public it is very difficult to gauge the exact significance of her reply. So far as the line from Salonika is concerned we know that Serbia possesses treaty rights that cannot be ignored without serious consequences to Greece; but, on the other points raised, the position is not so clear. They may have reference to the statement, which was subsequently modified, that the Allies had demanded the demobilisation of the Greek Army and the imposition of a censorship to prevent the hordes of spies who are carrying on their work openly at Salonika from conveying information to the enemy. However desirable these steps may be in the interests of the Allies they can hardly be considered consistent with the preservation of neutrality on the part of Greece. It may, therefore, be that KING CONSTANTINE is merely anxious to be allowed to retain his seat on the fence until he sees more clearly on which side it is safe to come down. Whether the Allies will be disposed to accommodate him is a question upon which it is impossible to give an answer. The attitude of Greece has been so vacillating, owing to the German predilections of the Royal House, that the patience of the Allies has been strained almost to the breaking point, and there is a strong feeling that no further evasions should be tolerated. In support of this view it is pointed out that the position of the Anglo-French force in Serbia is one of grave peril so long as there is an Army of 300,000 Greeks in its rear who may, whenever they deem it prudent, declare for the enemy and cut it off from its base. But, on the other hand, it is not desirable to play into the hands of the King, if it can be avoided, by wounding Greek susceptibilities and alienating the sympathies of the people, who have shown that they are well-disposed towards us. Though, by the abuse of the royal prerogative, the King may be able to stand between the people and their desires, it is very doubtful whether he would venture to commit the nation to a policy to which it was opposed. That is the dilemma in which the Allies find themselves. We know, of course, what Germany would have done in similar circumstances long before this, but German diplomacy has not been such a conspicuous success as to induce us to imitate it, nor has the German sense of justice won many admirers. Those responsible for shaping the foreign policy of Great Britain and France, though often derided, may safely be trusted to devise the best possible solution of the problem with which they are confronted. Meanwhile, it is gratifying to know that Italy is resolved to lend her aid to Serbia, and that Baron SONNINO, the Italian Foreign Minister, believes that a satisfactory settlement will be arranged with Greece.

A mail for Europe and Siberia closes to-day at 5 p.m.
Mr. W. H. Ferris, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ferris of Shanghai, has gone to the front from Vladivostok.
The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals acknowledges with thanks a donation of \$65.44 from the Union Church.
The Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., will repeat his lecture on "Legal Anecdotes" at the Union Church Guild meeting on Wednesday, at 9 p.m.
Mrs. Spaulding, of 5, Cameron Terrace, Kowloon, has reported the theft from her bedroom of a gold watch, valued \$50, and money amounting to \$25. A servant who has since absconded is suspected of the theft.
Information has been received that Mr. C. T. A. Robertson, of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, is reported wounded. He was attached to the Gordon Highlanders, in which Regiment he had obtained a commission.
The death has taken place of Captain John Charles Tyrwhitt-Drake, of Dulais Court, Pontifras. He came with his regiment to China in 1860 and was present at the sacking of the Summer Palace in Peking and the taking of the Taku forts.
The Macao Electric Lighting Co., Ltd. have written to us very courteously denying the accuracy of the criticisms of our correspondent on September 7th and Nov. 23rd under the headings of "Electric Street Lighting" and "More Light Wanted."

Dr. B. Score Brown, of the Church Mission, Ningpo, who is serving with the R.A.M.C. in France, has been given the Military Cross for attending wounded under fire between the trenches.

In dismissing a case at the Marine Court yesterday in which the master of a steam launch was charged with moving about the harbour during prohibited hours, Commander Bockwith, R.N., said that in future the launch must be covered by permits, one for the Volunteers and one for the Reserves, and the people that are being ferried are to be in uniform.

A houseboy in the employ of Mr. Grieg, of "Cornhill" Quarry Bay, was proceeding towards his master's house when he was attacked by two men, who were armed with knives. Wounds were inflicted on his head, face and hands, and he was robbed of \$160, the property of his master. The boy was later sent to the Government Civil Hospital. The men have not yet been traced.

During next year, according to a statement made at a recent meeting of the Federated Malay States Council meeting, the Pahang line is to be carried as far as Kuala Lipis, where the East Coast line will stop for the present. The western connection with Siam is to be proceeded with, while the connection with the Singapore line is to be postponed. Provision is made for continuing the works at Port Swettenham and at the Central Workshops, both of which were of a very urgent nature.

At a meeting of the Committee of the North Borneo Chamber of Commerce, held on October 30th, a resolution was passed recording "great dissatisfaction that the urgent request of the public of Sandakan that the land to the seaward of the reclamation should be kept open had been disregarded," and adding, "the action of the Government either means that any assurance given to the public by a Governor carries no weight, or else that the word of several respectable residents is not worthy of belief."

Second-Lieut. Sidney John Townsend 2nd Life Guards, brother of Mrs. N. J. Stabb and only surviving son of Mr. Alfred Markham Townsend, of 29, Palace-gate, Kensington, left unsettled estate of the gross value of \$29,173. Mr. S. J. Townsend, who was killed in Flanders on May 13th, leaves the residue of his property to his two sisters: "hoping they will employ the income thereof for the education of their children, particularly in giving them the advantage of foreign travel and the opportunity of learning foreign languages."

Amongst the recent recipients of the Military Cross is Temporary Lieutenant Cornelius Thorne, 8th Battalion the East Surrey Regiment, son of Mr. Cornelius Thorne, a well-known resident of Shanghai for many years. It has been conferred for conspicuous gallantry on Sept. 28th, 1915, near Fricourt. His brother, Second Lieutenant M. Thorne, also in the 8th Battalion East Surrey Regiment, was shot while out on patrol, and it was not known if he had been killed. Three unsuccessful attempts had been made to bring him in, when Lieutenant C. Thorne came down from another part of the line, and with his soldier servant, Private Hine, went out under heavy machine gun fire, found his brother, and carried him back. It was then found that Second Lieutenant Marlborough Thorne had been killed.

The death has occurred at Southsea of Capt. John Philips, R.N., retired, who served in China in 1857-61; was present at the destruction of a Chinese flotilla of war-junks at Tsoong Koon, May 27th, 1857 (China medal with Fatsan clasp); was present at the bombardment and capture of Canton, December, 1857 (Canton clasp); was master of the *Plover*, and specially mentioned in despatches for his services in piloting, etc., during a series of extensive captures of piratical fleets and strongholds, 1858, receiving the thanks of the Admiralty; was in the *Plough* (Flagship of Admiral Sir James Hope), and was wounded at the attack on Peiho Forts, June, 1859; commanded the *Waterman* at the landing of the army in the Fok-tang River at the capture of the Peiho Forts, August, 1860, and at subsequent operations in the River Peiho during the advance to Tientsin and Peking (Taku clasp).

THE WAR.

GALLANT DEFENCE OF MONASTIR.

BULGARIANS REACH GREEK FRONTIER.

ASCENDANCY OF BRITISH ARTILLERY.

AUSTRIA A VASSAL OF GERMANY.

THE DISORDERS IN PERSIA.

THE BALKANS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BULGARIANS REACH GREEK FRONTIER.

GALLANT DEFENCE OF MONASTIR.

SALONIKA, December 2nd.

The weather has been milder in the vicinity of the Anglo-French front. British troops and stores continue to arrive.

Colonel Vassitch is holding out at Monastir.

The Bulgarians are continually advancing, and their outposts have reached the Greek frontier south-west of Monastir, but Serbian reinforcements from the north are in measurable distance of the town.

GREEK SITUATION ACUTE.

ATHENS, December 2nd.

The situation remains complicated, and is rather acute.

FRANCO-BELGIAN FRONT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SUPERIORITY OF BRITISH ARTILLERY.

CONSIDERABLE DAMAGE INFLICTED ON GERMAN POSITIONS.

LONDON, December 2nd.

A despatch from the British Headquarters in France says:—We successfully bombarded hostile trenches, strong points, and gun positions during the past four days, inflicting considerable damage. The reply of the enemy's artillery was weak.

We exploded two mines on Tuesday opposite Givenchy. While we were consolidating the craters the enemy sprung a mine, burying ten of our men.

Two hostile aeroplanes were brought down on Tuesday by the fire of our aeroplanes.

Twenty of our aeroplanes on Tuesday bombed an important German supply depot at Miraumont, considerably damaging stores and buildings and the railway. Two British aeroplanes, which were out reconnoitring failed to return.

ARTILLERY DUELS CONTINUE.

PARIS, December 2nd.

To-day's Paris *communiqué* says that the artillery duels continued, but with less intensity.

RUSSIAN FRONT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

POWERFUL OFFENSIVE IN GALICIA IMMINENT.

GERMANS SEND LARGE FORCE TO COPE WITH DANGER.

ZURICH, December 2nd.

It is reported that in view of the powerful offensive that the Russians are preparing in Galicia a large German force has been withdrawn from Bulgaria and Serbia and sent to the south-eastern front.

Several battalions of Bulgarians have been sent to Gallipoli instead of the promised German reinforcements.

NAVAL ACTIVITIES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BOMBARDMENT OF BELGIAN COAST.

FORTY BRITISH WARSHIPS PARTICIPATE.

AMSTERDAM, December 1st.

The *Telegraph* states that the British Squadron which bombarded the Belgian coast on Tuesday consisted of forty vessels.

MORE STEAMERS SUNK.

MALTA, December 2nd.

The British steamer *Malinche* has been sunk. The lifeboats brought in the crew, who were exhausted after battling with a storm for 24 hours.

The British steamer *Colenso* and *Orange Prince* have been sunk. The crew of the former were saved.

The five missing men of the *Kingsway's* crew have been saved.

LONDON, December 2nd.

The Greek steamer *Zarifa* has been sunk. The crew were saved.

MALTA, December 3rd.

An Austrian submarine sank the *Colenso* and the *Malinche*.

AUSTRO-ITALIAN FRONT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

OPERATIONS HINDERED BY BAD WEATHER.

ROME, December 2nd.

A *communiqué* records fog and incessant rain, hindering operations along the Isonzo. The enemy attempted surprise attacks, which were immediately repulsed.

GENERAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ITALY'S FIRM RESOLVE TO PROSECUTE WAR WITH WHOLE STRENGTH.

ROME, December 2nd.

In the Chamber of Deputies, Baron Sonnino announced that Italy had joined the other Allies in the agreement not to conclude a separate peace. There was every reason for believing that a satisfactory settlement would be reached in regard to Greece. He emphasised the importance of Serbia's independence to Italy, and said that the absorption of that country by Austria would be a great danger to Italy, who would insist on the complete restoration of Serbia's independence as an indispensable condition of peace.

Italy would speedily do everything to replenish the supplies of provisions and munitions to the Serbian Army, which was seeking safety on the Adriatic, despite the gallant efforts of the British and French forces, and to enable it to reconcentre while awaiting the moment for revenge.

The appearance of the Italian flag on the other side of the Adriatic will reaffirm the traditional policy regarding Albania, which remains of vital importance to Italy.

Baron Sonnino concluded by affirming that Italian interests were in the Mediterranean and declaring that Italy was firmly resolved to prosecute the war with all her strength and at any sacrifice.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CRITICISM OF BRITISH BLOCKADE.

COMMODITIES REACHING GERMANY THROUGH NEUTRALS.

LONDON, December 2nd.

In the House of Commons, on the motion for the adjournment of the House, Sir J. H. Dalsiel said that notwithstanding the so-called blockade commodities were reaching Germany through neutral countries, especially linseed-oil, which went through Holland. He said that linseed-oil was essential to the making of munitions.

Lord Robert Cecil admitted there had been a large increase in the export of oil from Britain to Holland, but the export of linseed-oil had ceased since the advent of the Coalition Government. The whole question of the export of oil-producing substances to Holland was a very serious matter, and the Government were taking it up as rapidly as possible. The Government was informed that it was most important that we get sufficient margarine at reasonable prices, and they were trying to devise a system of securing it without allowing oil to go to Germany. Lord Robert Cecil added that besides strengthening the Netherlands Overseas Trust the Government had arranged for the books of margarine factories to be examined periodically by a firm of British accountants in order to ascertain exactly what happened to the manufactured products.

Lord Robert Cecil concluded by denying the inadequacy of the blockade, and said that the adroit and successful diplomacy of the Foreign Office would enable the Navy to carry out the blockade successfully without causing serious trouble with neutrals.

COAL CONSUMPTION IN ENGLAND.

BOARD OF TRADE'S ADVICE.

LONDON, December 2nd.

The Board of Trade directs attention to the probability of an increasing consumption of coal in industrial areas and a reduced output from the mines owing to the enlistment of miners.

The Board recommends industrial consumers to make their contracts and not trust to an open market.

IMPORTANT ORDER-IN-COUNCIL.

POSSIBLE RECRUITS CANNOT LEAVE COUNTRY WITHOUT PERMISSION.

LONDON, December 2nd.

An Order-in-Council requires every person leaving the United Kingdom to be provided with a valid passport not more than two years old, while British subjects of military age must hold passports issued since November 11th. These will not be granted except for satisfactory reasons.

BRITISH WAR OBLIGATIONS.

LONDON, December 2nd.

With reference to the Government War Obligations Bill, Mr. McKenna said that one of the matters to be dealt with was an arrangement to enable American securities owned in this country to be placed temporarily or otherwise in the hands of the Government.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT CROPS.

MELBOURNE, December 2nd.

The estimate of the Statist of the Victoria wheat crops is 50,500,000 bushels. The banks are financing the Government wheat marketing scheme at 5 per cent. The prices are firmer.

ADELAIDE, December 2nd.

The Government Statist forecasts the aggregate yield of the harvest at 27,250,000 bushels, which is a record for the State production. The area cropped is 350,000 acres above last year.

AUSTRO-GERMAN SUPPLIES.

COPENHAGEN, December 3rd.

Germany has stopped all cattle going from Denmark and Scandinavia to Austria. It is surmised that the action is the result of an Austro-German agreement that Austria now takes her supplies from the Balkans, leaving Germany the sole right of provisioning from elsewhere.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE SHIRAZ OUTRAGE.

SWEDISH INSTRUCTOR RECALLED.

LONDON, December 2nd.

In a written reply to Sir J. D. Rees, who asked under what leaders the Persian gendarmerie at Shiraz were acting, Lord Robert Cecil (Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs) said he had received no further information as to details except that the Persian Government had recalled the foreign instructor who commanded the gendarmerie in Fars. There can be no question of the Swedish Government being in any way responsible for the conduct of the gendarmes. The more correct description of the officers would be Persian gendarmerie instructors of Swedish nationality.

FURTHER QUESTIONS.

LONDON, December 2nd.

In the House of Commons, Sir E. Cornwall asked when the Foreign Office first heard of the possibility of trouble in southern Persia; whether Persian reinforcements were sent to Hamadan in October to protect the Russian and British subjects; and whether similar steps were taken in regard to Shiraz. Sir Edward Grey replied—it was not until this spring that we received direct evidence that elements of disorder in southern Persia were being organised and encouraged by German agents in defiance of the Persian Government. The only regular Persian force available at the time for the restoration of order in the provinces, apart from the gendarmerie, was a Cossack Brigade of 2,500 men at Teheran, a detachment of which was sent to Hamadan in October. The Persian Government was unable to spare detachments for the more remote provincial centres, and there was no force that could be sent to Shiraz.

M.P.'S AND THE WAR.

PRESSURE ON THE GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, December 2nd.

Private discussions are in progress on both sides in the House of Commons with the view to the formation of an organisation to bring pressure to bear on the Government to ensure a most vigorous prosecution of the war.

CANADA'S WAR LOAN.

AMOUNT TWICE COVERED.

OTTAWA, December 1st.

The Minister of Finance has announced that the subscriptions to the \$50,000,000 War Loan have amounted to \$100,000,000. It has not been decided whether the Loan shall be increased to the amount subscribed.

AUSTRALIAN WAR LOAN.

MELBOURNE, December 1st.

The prospectus has been issued of the 4½ per cent. Commonwealth War Loan of £10,000,000. Applications close on January 31st next.

CANADA'S FINANCES.

OTTAWA, December 2nd.

The Hon. Mr. White, Minister of Finance, said that in the first eight months of the current year the revenue of Canada had increased by \$14,000,000 and the expenditure had been reduced by \$13,000,000.

GERMAN INTRIGUE IN AMERICA.

IMPORTANT TRIAL CONCLUDED.

NEW YORK, December 2nd.

The jury returned a verdict of guilty against four of the Hamburg-America Line officials who were charged with attempting to supply German warships from American ports.

MORE GERMAN DIRTY WORK.

EXPLOSION IN AMERICAN POWDER FACTORY.

LONDON, December 1st.

A mysterious explosion in a powder factory at Wilmington, Delaware, is reported, as a result of which 30 men were killed.

AMERICA'S TIMIDITY.

CHARACTERISTIC LETTER FROM COLONEL ROOSEVELT.

NEW YORK, December 2nd.

Mr. Roosevelt, in a letter declining to attend a meeting to protest against the Armenian massacres, says the nation is too timid to protect its own citizens from murder and outrage or to speak on behalf of Belgium. It will therefore not carry much weight by any protest on behalf of the Jews and Armenians. Germany's criminal responsibility for the iniquities of the past eighteen months must, he says, be shared by neutrals, headed by the United States.

LORD KITCHENER.

LONDON, December 2nd.

In the House of Commons Mr. Asquith announced that Lord Kitchener has resumed his duties at the War Office, and as a member of the War Council.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

HALF A MILLION BRITISH CASUALTIES.

LONDON, December 2nd.

Mr. Asquith, in a written answer to a question, announces that the total British casualties for the Army and Navy up to November 9th were 510,230, of which the number killed was:—

	Officers.	Men.
Western front	4,620	53,272
Dardanelles	1,504	31,531
The Navy	589	9,923

LONDON, December 2nd.

In the House of Commons, Mr. H. J. Tennant (Under-Secretary to the War Office) said the British casualties during the last three months in Loos and the vicinity were 95,000, including Indians and Canadians, while the Australians in Gallipoli had altogether 25,000 losses.

GERMANY'S GRIP ON AUSTRIA.

EXTENDS TO INTERNAL ADMINISTRATION.

ZURICH, December 2nd.

The names of the new Austrian Ministers indicate that Germany's control over Austria in military matters has been extended to internal administration. Prince Hohenlohe-Schillingfuerst is a member of a pro-German aristocratic house, and a brother of the Austrian Ambassador at Berlin. The new Minister of Commerce is a Director of an institution closely allied to the Deutsche Bank.

The retirement of the Minister of the Interior is a blow to the Austrian pro-Polish party, whose urging of the creation of an independent Poland has greatly offended Germany. It is a coincidence that the change synchronised with the Kaiser's visit.

REPORTED GERMAN-DUTCH SECRET TREATY.

AMSTERDAM, December 2nd.

The Prime Minister denied the existence of a secret Treaty between Germany and Holland.

REDMOND AND KITCHENER.

WHAT IRELAND HAS DONE.

LONDON, December 3rd.

Mr. John Redmond, speaking at Waterford, said that Lord Kitchener said to him at the beginning of the war that if he (Mr. Redmond) guaranteed 5,000 men from Ireland he would say "Thank you"; if 12,000 he would say "I am deeply obliged." Ireland had raised 100,000.

FRANCE AND DEAR FREIGHTS.

PURCHASE OF 50 STEAMERS CONTEMPLATED.

PARIS, December 3rd.

The Government is introducing a scheme for the purchase of a fleet of 50 cargo steamers in view of the dearth of freight rates. A number will be employed in carrying frozen meat.

PREVENTION OF RISE OF RENTS.

LONDON, December 2nd.

The Rent Bill, a measure designed to restrict the price of rental of small houses, has passed the Second Reading in the House of Commons.

LINER ASHORE ON GOODWINS.

LONDON, December 2nd.

The Willson liner *Marengo*, from New York for Hull, is ashore on the Goodwins.

BRITISH STEAMER COLLIDES WITH CANAL BANK.

LONDON, December 2nd.

The British steamer *Lincolnshire*, from Calcutta for New York and Boston, has arrived at Port Said. The steamer struck the Canal bank. There were eleven feet of water in the No. 1 hold.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE

INDISPOSED.

LONDON, December 2nd.

Mr. Lloyd George is indisposed, and was unable to attend a meeting of the War Council or the Cabinet.

ESPIONAGE IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, December 2nd.

Another spy has been shot.

RETRENCHMENT IN INDIAN EXPENDITURE.

LONDON, December 2nd.

In the House of Commons Sir E. Cornwall suggested that the expenditure on the New Delhi this year be reduced.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain (Secretary of State for India) said the provision made was stated to be the lowest amount required to carry on the work actually in progress and to obviate deterioration of plant and disbanding of establishment.

HIS MAJESTY ON WAY TO COMPLETE RECOVERY.

LONDON, December 2nd.

His Majesty the King will very recently have had to make use of a couple of sticks when attempting to walk unaided. To-day he managed to get about with a single walking-stick, both at the Palace and at Marlborough House.

Although His Majesty is still unable to use his right leg freely, he is well on the way to complete recovery.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

JAPAN AND THE ENTENTE.

TOKYO, December 2nd.

In a speech from the Throne at the opening of the Diet the Emperor said the Alliance with Great Britain and the Entente with Russia and France were being strengthened.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CHINA AND THE WAR.

NEVER CONSIDERED POSSIBILITY OF JOINING.

PEKING, December 3rd.

It is officially announced that the Chinese Government has never received any proposal for participation in the war, nor opened any such negotiations with any Power or group of Powers, and that the Chinese Government has never considered the possibility of abandoning its neutrality and joining any belligerent or group of belligerents.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BIRTH OF SON TO JAPAN'S RULERS.

TOKYO, December 3rd.

The Empress of Japan has given birth to a son.

OBIUARY.

LONDON, December 2nd.

The death has occurred of the Right Hon. Sir Spencer Ponsonby-Fane, G.C.B., P.O. I.S.O., Gentleman Usher to the Sword of State and to the King, in his 91st year.

CALCUTTA SCHOOL OF ART.

LONDON, December 3rd.

In the House of Commons, in reply to Mr. King, who suggested, in connection with the resignation of the Vice-President of the Calcutta School of Art, that the European Principal of the School might be withdrawn and the School reorganised as a genuine native school, Mr. Chamberlain said he had no information regarding the reported resignation. The matter was in the hands of the local Government and he did not propose to make any representations to them.

THE KING'S APPEAL TO HIS PEOPLE.

"I ASK YOU TO COME FORWARD VOLUNTARILY."

BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

TO MY PEOPLE.

At this grave moment in the struggle between my people and a highly organised enemy who has transgressed the Laws of Nations and changed the ordinance that binds civilised Europe together, I appeal to you.

I rejoice in my Empire's effort, and I feel pride in the voluntary response from my Subjects all over the world who have sacrificed home, fortune and life itself, in order that another may not inherit the free Empire which their ancestors and mine have built.

I ask you to make good these sacrifices. The end is not in sight. More men and yet more are wanted to keep my Armies in the Field, and through them to secure Victory and enduring Peace.

In ancient days the darkest moment has ever produced in men of our race the sternest resolve.

I ask you, men of all classes, to come forward voluntarily and take your share in the fight.

In freely responding to my appeal, you will be giving your support to our brothers, who, for long months, have nobly upheld Britain's past traditions, and the glory of her Arms.

GEORGE R.I.

LOADING STEAMERS ON SUNDAYS.

At the Marine Court yesterday the *Wong Lok* Street, agents for the *Thames*, were summoned for unlawfully taking cargo on board without a Sunday permit from the Harbour Master.

Mr. W. E. L. Shenton appeared for the defence, and said they were charged with putting on board oranges and cabbages on Sunday, November 21st, without a Sunday permit. In February, 1909, Commander Basil Taylor, the then Harbour Master, had given them a permit to "carry on" on that day. He handed that permit to his Worship. There was a question raised about this matter in February, 1914, over the loading of chestnuts and the firm was fined \$150 at the Marine Court, but the matter was further gone into and the Colonial Secretary remitted the penalty. He would like to take up two positions, first, to rely on the permit from Commander Taylor, and, secondly, he would like to say a few words as to the section and what was "perishable cargo."

The defendant firm was only desirous of complying with the regulations of the Harbour Office and they would like some ruling as to what was the position. They did not want to violate the Ordinance.

His Worship—I think you are pretty well covered by this permit. Personally I do not think the Harbour Master had the power to give the permit, in view of the Ordinance. I think the best thing to do in this case will be to put it up to the Crown, and in the meantime tell them not to load on Sundays. I will put it before the Attorney-General and let you know.

P. & O. S. N. CO.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KORE, KASHMIR and YOKOHAMA	Capt. C. E. Irving, R.N.R.	8th Dec.	Freight and Passage.
LONDON and BOMBAY via NAMUR	Capt. A. Collier	About 16th Dec.	Freight and Passage.
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KORE, NOVARA and YOKOHAMA	Capt. H. R. Hetherington, R.N.R.	About 18th Dec.	Freight and Passage.

All the above Steamers are fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.

For Further Particulars apply to—

E. V. D. PARR.

For Superintendent.

Hongkong, 4th December, 1915.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
NINGPO and SHANGHAI	"PAOTING"	On 4th Dec., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"LUCHOW"	On 6th Dec., D.H.M.
WEIHAIWEI & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 6th Dec., D.H.M.
PAKHAI and HAIPHONG	"KAIFONG"	On 6th Dec., 10 A.M.
BANGKOK	"QUARTA"	On 8th Dec., D.H.M.
MANILA, CEBU and ILOILO	"TEAN"	On 7th Dec., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"INGCHOW"	On 7th Dec., 4 P.M.
HAIPHONG	"SUNGKIANG"	On 8th Dec., 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI	"SHANTUNG"	On 9th Dec., 4 P.M.
MANILA, CEBU and ILOILO	"TAMING"	On 14th Dec., 4 P.M.

DIRECT SAILINGS TO THE RIVER.

SS. "LINTAN" and SS. "SANUT" MANILA LINE—TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS "CHINHUA," "TAUING" and "TEAN." Excellent Saloon accommodation Amidships; Electric Fans fitted; Extra State-rooms on Deck, aft, on "TAMING" and "TEAN."

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS and CARGO. SS. "ANHUI," "CHENAN," "LIANGCHOW," "LUCHOW," "YINGCHOW" and "SINKIANG," with excellent accommodation, Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms, maintain a regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

For Freight or Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Hongkong, 4th December, 1915. TELEPHONE 35. AGENTS.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS.

HIGHEST Class, Fastest and Most Luxurious Steamers on the Coast, having Splendid Accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light, Excellent Cuisine.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SWATOW, AMOY AND FOCHOW AND RETURN.		(Occupying at 9 to 16 Days)
STEAMSHIP	CAPTAIN	LEAVING
"HAIMUN"	Capt. A. H. Stewart	TUESDAY, 7th Dec., at 2 P.M.
"HAICHING"	Capt. W. C. Passmore	FRIDAY, 10th Dec., at 2 P.M.
"HAITAN"	Capt. J. S. Thomson	TUESDAY, 14th Dec., at 2 P.M.

Steamers will arrive at and Depart from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co., GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 4th December, 1915.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE.

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN CALCUTTA, STRAITS, SHANGHAI AND JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD

WESTWARD

SS. "JAPAN," 6013 tons, Captain C. P. Soden, will be despatched for SINGAPORE, PENANG, RANGOON and CALCUTTA on 4th December.

The above Steamers have excellent Saloon accommodation for Passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For Freight or passage, apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD., AGENTS.

Hongkong, 30th November, 1915.

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

MAIL SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA VIA MANILA

MANILA SCHEDULE (SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION).

STEAMER	ARRIVE HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA	LEAVE HONGKONG FOR AUSTRALIA
ST. ALBANS	18th Dec.	On 18th Dec. 11 A.M.
EMPIRE	7th Jan.	On 3rd Jan. 11 A.M.
EASTERN	29th Jan.	On 31st Jan. 11 A.M.
ALDENHAM		On 21st Feb. 11 A.M.

The above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity. All State-Rooms have Electric Fans. A duly qualified Doctor and Stewardess are carried.

For further particulars, apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., AGENTS

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.



SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

VIA SHANGHAI, MANILA, THE INLAND SEA, JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Change Without Notice.

Steamer Tons and Speed Leave Hongkong.

* SHINYO MARU (Cargo Steamer) ... FRIDAY, 10th Dec.

† NIPPON MARU (Cargo Steamer) ... TUESDAY, 14th Dec.

* SHINYO MARU (Cargo Steamer) ... THURSDAY, 2nd Dec.

SHINYO MARU 22,000—21 knots ... TUES, 23th Dec

† KIYO MARU 17,000—15 knots ... SATURDAY, 8th Jan.

† PERSIA MARU 9,000—17 knots ... SATURDAY, 16th Jan.

CHIYO MARU 22,000—21 knots ... TUES., 23th Jan.

* DAIREN MARU 6,000—14 knots ... TUESDAY, 3rd Mar.

TENYO MARU 22,000—21 knots ... TUES., 15th Feb.

* Cargo only. † Via MANILA, Omitting Shanghai.

† Proceeding to South America Ports.

Steamer via Shanghai leaves at Noon.

Manila at 10.30 A.M.

FIRST CLASS TO LONDON £71.10... RETURN (6 MONTHS) £120.

" " " NEW YORK £60. " " " £96.10.

" " " SAN FRANCISCO £45. " " " £68.

Passengers purchasing Trans-Pacific Return Tickets have the option of returning from Vancouver by Steamers of the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

SPECIAL RATES given to NAVAL and MILITARY CIVIL SERVANTS.

MISSIONARIES, etc.

ROUND THE WORLD Tickets issued in connection with all the Principal MAIL Lines and the Trans-Siberian Railway.

Passengers may Travel by RAILWAY between Ports of Call in Japan free of charge.

SOUTH AMERICA LINE.

FOR CORONEL VIA JAPAN PORTS, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO

LOS ANGELES, SALINA CRUZ, BALBOA, CALLAO, ARICA.

IQUIQUE AND VALPARAISO.

THENCE BY

TRANS-ANDAN ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES.

Steamer Tons and Speed Sails

KIYO MARU 17,000—15 knots ... SATURDAY, 8th Jan.

For Full Particulars as to Passage and Freight, apply to—

K. DOI, ACTING AGENT, King's Building.

TELEPHONE 991.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL LINES.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO AND FROM JAPAN

VIA SHANGHAI.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO AND FROM EUROPE

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

OUTWARD

STEAMERS

TO SAIL

For SHANGHAI, KORE AND ATHOS

YOKOHAMA (Without Transshipment) ... On or about 31st Dec.

PORTHOS

HOMEWARD

MARSEILLES VIA SAIGON and POLYNESIAN ... On 11th Dec., at 5 P.M.

PORTS

ATHOS ... On 8th Jan., at 5 P.M.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Weekly branch line from Saigon to Haiphong.

French Line connecting every four weeks at Colombo, for Calcutta

State Rooms 1st, 2nd and 3rd Classes.

Return Tickets to Europe available two years.

Return Tickets to Intermediate Ports available six months.

For further particulars apply to

P. THOMAS, AGENT, QUEEN'S BUILDING.

Subject to immediate alteration without notice.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

REGULAR SERVICES

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

THE AMERICAN LINE TO TACOMA AND SEATTLE

In Connection with

THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY CO.

FOR VICTORIA AND TACOMA VIA MANILA, MOJI

KORE, YOKKAICHI AND YOKOHAMA

Steamer Captain Leaving

"CANADA MARU" T. Suruga THURSDAY, 10th Dec., at 3 P.M.

These Newly-Built Steamers of American Line have fair speed and are fitted with the Wireless Apparatus. Best adapted rooms for carrying Silk, Treasure and Parcels.

FOR BOMBAY, VIA SINGAPORE, PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG, AND COLOMBO.

Steamer Captain Leaving

"UME MARU" ... MONDAY, 13th Dec., at 7 A.M.

FOR TAMSUI AND KEELUNG VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

Steamer Captain Leaving

"KAIYO MARU" Murekuni THURSDAY, 7th Dec., at 10 A.M.

"DAIEN MARU" S. Saito SUNDAY, 13th Dec., at 10 A.M.

FOR ANPING AND TAKAO VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

Steamer Captain Leaving

"SOSU MARU" A. Kobayashi WEDNESDAY, 8th Dec., at 8 A.M.

FOR HAIPHONG VIA PAKHOL.

Steamer Captain Leaving

"KEIJO MARU," IMAIZUMI SATURDAY, 4th Dec., 10 A.M.

These Steamers of Coast and Foremost Lines have Excellent accommodation for First Class Passengers and are fitted with Electric Light and Fans.

These Steamers will arrive at and depart from Soon Kip Wharf (near the Harbour Office).

For FURTHER INFORMATION, apply to

H. YAMAUCHI, MANAGER, Second Floor, No. 1, Queen's Building.

114

P. & O. S. N. CO.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c. THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK

Steamer	Steamers to	Leave SHANGHAI	Leave HONGKONG	Connecting Steamer from Colombo to MARSEILLES and LONDON	Due at MARSEILLES	Due at LONDON
YOKOHAMA	COLOMBO	about	about		1916	1916
Dec. 4	NAMUR	Dec. 11	Dec. 16	MOOLTAN	Jan. 15	Jan. 22
Dec. 18	NANKIN	Dec. 26	Dec. 30	MALOJA	Jan. 29	Feb. 5
Jan. 1	NOVARA	Jan. 10	Jan. 14	ARABIA	Feb. 12	Feb. 19
Jan. 15	NELLORE	Jan. 24	Jan. 28	MOLDAVIA	Feb. 25	Mar. 4
Jan. 29	SARDINIA	Feb. 7	Feb. 11	KALAMATA	Mar. 11	Mar. 18
Feb. 12	NAMUR	Feb. 20	Feb. 24	MEDINA	Mar. 25	Apr. 1
Feb. 26	NANKIN	Mar. 6	Mar. 10	BONGOLIA	Apr. 8	Apr. 15
Mar. 11	NOVARA	Mar. 20	Mar. 24	MALWA	Apr. 22	Apr. 29

* Steamers proceed via Bombay.

Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO. Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking.

F A R E S

The Fares to London and Marseilles are as follows:—

LONDON

1st Saloon "A" Accommodation Single £74. Return £111.

"B" " " £68. " " £102.

2nd Saloon "A" " " £52. " " £78.

"B" " " £48. " " £72.

MARSEILLES

1st Saloon "A" Accommodation Single £70. Return £105.

"B" " " £64. " " £99.

2nd Saloon "A" " " £50. " " £75.

"B" " " £46. " " £71.

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS

INTERMEDIATE (NON-TRANSHIPMENT) STEAMERS WILL LEAVE FOR

LONDON

CARRYING 1ST AND 2ND SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES

PROPOSED SAILINGS:

STEAMERS, Leave YAMA, Leave SHANGHAI, Leave HONGKONG, Leave SPOR, Due at Marseilles, Due at London

KASHMIR Dec. 20 Dec. 30 Jan. 5 Jan. 11 Feb. 10 Feb. 17

These Steamers call also at PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG and COLOMBO.

FARES TO LONDON:

1st Saloon £58 Single, £87 Return, 2nd Saloon £42 Single, £63 Return

FARES TO MARSEILLES:

1st Saloon £54 Single, 2nd Saloon £40 Single.

All Passenger Steamers are fitted with the Marconi System of Wireless Telegraphy

Owing to the War in Europe, Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without Notice.

For Further Particulars apply to—

E. V. D. PARR, FOR SUPERINTENDENT.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION STEAMERS AND DESPATCHMENT TONS SAILING DATES

MARSEILLES and LONDON \$ KAMO MARU THURSDAY, 16th

VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, Capt. Shimizu 16,000 Dec., at Noon.

COLOMBO, SUEZ and \$ KASHIMA MARU THURSDAY, 30th

PORT SAID Capt. Takuma 21,000 Dec., at Noon.

VICTORIA, B.C. and \$ TAMBA MARU TUESDAY, 14th

SEATTLE via SHANGHAI, Capt. Negage 12,500 Dec., at Noon.

MOJI, KORE, YOKKAICHI \$ YOKOHAMA MARU THURSDAY, 23rd

and Yokohama Capt. Shiohse 12,500 Dec., at Noon.

SYDNEY and MELBOURNE \$ TANGO MARU TUESDAY, 14th

via MANILA, BANGKOK, Capt. Soyeda 13,600 Dec., at 4 P.M.

THURSDAY \$ NIKKO MARU FRIDAY, 14th

TOWNSVILLE & BRISBANE Capt. Takeki 9,500 Jan., at 4 P.M.

CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE \$ TOSA MARU MONDAY, 6th

PENANG and BANGKOK Capt. Takano 12,500 Dec.

BOMBAY via SINGAPORE \$ RANGKON MARU TUESDAY, 7th

MALACCA and COLOMBO Capt. H. Nomura 8,000 Dec.

SHANGHAI MOJI and KORE \$ PENANG MARU TUESDAY, 7th

Capt. Murazumi 8,000 Dec.

SHANGHAI, KORE and \$ SUWA MARU TUESDAY, 14th

YOKOHAMA Capt. T. Sekine 21,000 Dec., at 10 A.M.

NAGASAKI, KORE and \$ NIKKO MARU MONDAY, 13th

YOKOHAMA Capt. Takeda 9,600 Dec., at 10 A.M.

SHANGHAI, KORE and \$ CEYLON MARU TUESDAY, 7th

YOKOHAMA Capt. S. Fujita 8,000 Dec.

\$ Wireless Telegraphy.

SOME PRINCIPAL FARES.

To London 1st Single Yen 800. To Marseilles 1st Single Yen 650.

" " 2nd Single " 400. " " 2nd Single " 350.

" " 2nd Return " 800. " " 2nd Return " 650.

To London, Southampton, Liverpool via New York £80.13.0.

To Victoria, Vancouver, Seattle, 1st Single £25.

To Sydney, 1st Single £20. To Melbourne, 1st Single £21.

To Yokohama, 1st Return £78. To Kobe, 1st Return £73.16.

2nd " £30. 2nd " £23.

ROUND-THE-WORLD, YEN 1,045.

For Further Information as to Freight, Sailing, &c., apply to—

T. KUSUMOTO, MANAGER.

TELEPHONE Nos. 792 and 791.

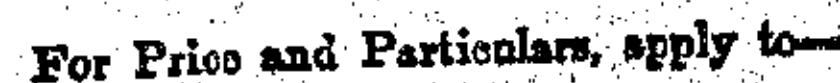
INWARD MAILS.

OUTWARD MAILS.

* Subscribed correspondence only.

From Sheungwan Western Branch P.O.

In the case of Mails closing before 9 a.m. Registration closes at 6 o'clock on the previous evening.



14, DES VŒUX ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

December 3rd.

ON SALE

PRICE \$5

DAILY PRESS OFFICE
Hongkong, 26th February, 1918.

HONGKONG, 2ND DECEMBER, 1915

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or
shorter periods at rates which will be quoted
on application.

SOLD BY—

A. S. WATSON & Co., LTD.

KELLY & WALSH, LTD.

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE.

LANE CRAWFORD & Co.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY

AND

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO CO., LTD.

BANKS

Facilities for Home Exchange
Hongkong, 18th October, 1914. [1076]

RANKS

Hongkong, 8th September, 1916. Acting Manager. [754]